State of the Art Loading Systems Ride the waves of innovation

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Freeze Drying Solutions

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Presentation Overview

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- Loading Sequences Capabilities
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- Functional Integration with Freeze Dryer
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Main annex 1 items with respect to Lyophilisation Systems

- High risk operations on sterile products: Grade A with Grade B background
- Continuity of grade A, covering full vial-path
- Until caps are crimped: high risk operation for freeze dried products; air supply conform grade A requirements
- Minimize personnel
- Minimize particulate generation
- Minimal dwell time



Lyo System configurations

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- Vial path between <u>Filler and FD</u> and between <u>FD and Capper</u> needs to be in Grade A containment. Capper needs to be in Grade A level infrastructure.
- Grade A Containment can be
 - Passive RABS (Open system)
 - Active RABS (Open system)
 - Closed RABS (Closed system
 - Isolator (Closed system)
- Cleanroom environment :
 - Grade B for RABS
 - Grade C/D for Isolator

Note : RABS definitions are according latest ISPE definitions



Families of System configurations









LYO System in Manual Conf.

LYO System in Manual with LAF Cart





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LYO System in Automated Conf.





LYO System in Full Manual Conf. under LAF



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LYO System in Automated Conf. under Isolator



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Auto with Isolator



Grade A reduction (around 50%)

Minimize Grade B (in case of RABS). If Isolator 100% rec

Grade C

The entire vial path is protected under RABS/Isolator



Motivation for Automation

- Fewer clean room personnel
 - Greater assurance of product sterility (SAL levels)
 - Reduction in bio-burden
 - Reduced operating costs
- Protection of operators
 - Potent products & Solvent products
- Repeatable standards
 - Reduction of classified room air
- Unattended operation possible
 - Increased equipment availability

Per Today

- Industry in both USA as Europe are regarding the use of automated systems as a standard requirement.
- Pacific region is increasingly requesting and using automated loading systems



Nature of Loading



- Constant Level loading : Freeze Dryer is loaded or unloaded one shelf, or one row or several rows at a time, with vials at constant level. Loading is based on hexagonal loading patron
- All Systems are Frameless Systems
- Can be 'Flexible' or 'Fixed' or 'Mixed' in nature
 - Fixed systems :

Systems build unto the freeze dryer and load each shelf one row or several rows at a time

- Flexible systems : Systems using "Transporters" to load multiple FD one shelf at a time
- Mixed systems : Combination of fixed and flexible . Mainly applicable for Passthrough FD





Nature of Loading : Fixed

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Fixed Loading Systems

- Speeds up to 450 vpm
- One or 2 upto 4 Freeze Dryers, more depending on cycle times & logistics & Environment
- Choice on type of Loading Pusher
- Mainly Loading-Unloading from the same side
- Isolator or RABS







Fixed Loading Systems





Fixed Loading System Configurations

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Pass Through Loading & Unloading





Typical Lay-Out Fixed

- 4 FD & 4 LS
- Loading Speed : 265/min 10ml
- Unloading Speed : 265/min
- Multi-Lane Unloading
- Single Sided Loading & Unloading
- Two Cappers
- Liquid By-Pass
- Short Cycle Times
- Isolator split-up in 3 zones





Nature of Loading Fixed : Video

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Video Fixed System



Nature of Loading : Flex.



Flexible Loading Systems

- Capacities up to 450 vpm
- Mainly Multiple freeze dryers
- Mainly Loading-Unloading from the same side
- Suitable for Pass-Through systems









Nature of Loading : Flex.

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Nature of Loading : Mixed

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Mixed Loading Systems

- Only Pass-Through to 450 vpm
- Fixed Loading & Flexible Unloading
- Flexible Loading & Fixed Unloading
- Mainly Multiple freeze dryers





Overview Mixed Configurations





Loading Sequence Capability

- Row by Row Accumulative. (A) Vials are loaded row by row on the bridging plate. The last row pushes forward the whole package onto the shelf.
 Suitable for loading at ambient shelf temperature (18 to 22 Degrees C)
- Packaged row of vials (positioned at leading edge of shelf) (A) Vials are loaded row by row or a packaged row of vials on the leading edge of the shelf. Every next row or packaged row of vials pushes forward the entire vial pack. Cold shelf loading
- Packaged row of vials (positioned at final shelf position) (B)
 Vials are gathered in packages of x nb. of rows on the bridging plate and are positioned as individual packages directly on its final position on the shelf.
 Cold shelf loading



Video <u>S3</u>

Video <u>S2b</u>

Video <u>S2a</u>



Cold Shelf Loading Considerations

- Increased nb. of systems equipped or prepared for cold shelf.
- More and more products unstable in solution
- URS Requirement on elapsed time (Dwell time) between point of fill at filler) and positioning on shelf (in FD)
- Airflow patron during Loading Process
- Temperature of cold shelf
 - 4 Degrees C (Condensation issues)
 - < 0 Degrees C (Ice build up on shelf)
- Ingress between outside environment and inside FD



Cold Shelf Loading Considerations

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Elapsed time between point of fill and positioning on shelf (Dwell Time).

- From filler, via buffer to Loading System
- From Loading System (depending on chosen Loading Sequence) into FD

Calculation example : 2 ml vial on 400/min & Row width :1.324 mm

•	Filler \rightarrow Loader (based on 15 mtr. Conveyor)	3 min.
•	Loader (Based on row package)	13 min.
	Total	16 min



Cold Shelf Loading Considerations

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Airflow during Loading Process

- Level of disturbance of unidirectional airflow is influenced by
 - Shape / seize and duration of Opening of slotdoor
 - Delta in Temp. between environment and shelf

4 Degrees C

Condensation on shelf

< 0 Degrees C

- Ice build-up on shelf
- Disturbance of Unidirectional Airflow







Equipment : Functional Integration

1 of 2

Fully automated Filling / Lyo Line :

Target :

- Uninterrupted functioning of Filler in combination with Loading function of Loading & Unloading System
- Uninterrupted functioning of Capper in combination with Unloading function of Loading & Unloading System
- Optimisation of line Speeds.

Note

- Loading of Freeze Dryer is an intermittant process
- Filling of vials is continous or intermittant process
- Unloading of Freeze Dryer is an semi continuous proces
- Capping of vials is a continuous proces



Equipment : Functional Integration

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Integration track between filler and Loader is depending on :

- Vial diameter(s) icw with speed(s)
- Position of switches
- Storage of "wrongly filled" vials required Y/N
- Method of IPC on filler.
 - or statistical check weighing
 - or 100% weighing
- Method of Loading (Loading Sequence)



Integration with Freeze Dryer

- Integrated design
- Flexible Docking Plate
- Vertical Sliding Slotdoor
 - Minimum opening
 - Fast acting design
- Sunken rail principle.



- LAF system
- RABS System (following ISPE definition of Sept. 08-2005) (Restricted Access Barrier System)
 - Open (Active and Passive)
 - Closed
- Isolator System



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Open RABS

- Passive RABS
 - Air intake from customer HVAC system. Barrier of supplier is docked unto clean room ceiling of customer.
 - Air flow underneath machine into clean room
- Active RABS
 - LAF unit is integrated with barrier
 - Air intake is from clean room
 - Air flow underneath machine back into clean room

Both systems configured with

- Gloves for intervention during production with doors closed
- Doors interlocked and individually monitored (locked doors optional)
- Environmental Monitoring preparation





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Closed RABS

- Barrier based on closed recirculation system
- Closed recirculation based on single wall (windows and doors) principle
- Air intake (make-up air only) from customer HVAC system or Clean room.
- Possibility for environmental control like Temp. and RH

Systems configured with

- Gloves for intervention during production with doors closed
- Doors interlocked and individually monitored (locked doors optional)
- Environmental Monitoring preparation



Closed RABS LAF UNIT HEPA FILTER GUARDING-AIR REIURN PLENUM-AIR RETURN DUCT







Environmental Monitoring

- Integral part of RABS/Isolator system
- Machine Supplier is most knowledgeable on preferred position of probes
- Viable Sampling:
 - Active (Sampling port & Monitoring device)
 - Passive (Petri dishes)
 - Location : Critical positions / Subject to chosen LS system
- Non-Viable Sampling:
 - Isokinetic probes & Particle Counters
 - Location : Critical positions / Subject to chosen LS system



Smoke Studies

- Smoke study is performed
 - In case of design changes on Standard Equipment
 - Customer requirements





Latest Features on Loading Systems



Bad Zone Handling <u>Video</u>





Latest Features on Loading Systems



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Latest Features on Loading Systems

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Emptying FIFO Buffer



Reject Fallen Vial & Stopper





Latest Features on Loading Systems 4 of 4

High Speed Single Lining <u>Video</u>









IMA Life Aseptic Filling / Lyo line

Fully automated and Integrated aseptic operation

Filling lines



Bologna & Florence, Italy

Loading Systems







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Tonawanda, USA





Freeze dryers

IMA LIFE Loading Systems

IMA Life Loading Systems are Configured to Order Solutions

IMA Life Loading System are integrated equipment, designed and produced by IMA Life

- 18 Years of experience and innovation on Loading Systems
- More 64 references world wide
- 8 off Fully Integrated Systems (Filling Line + LS + FD)
- Wide range of solutions
 - Available shelve packages and loading sequences
 - Cold shelf loading loading / flammable solvents / Toxic.

